SEAL

AGRICULTURE

KTM-02-XV

Full Marks: 200

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

Subject Code :

0 2

Test Booklet No. : ()()

TEST BOOKLET

AGRICULTURE

Time Allowed: 2 (Two) Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The name of the Subject, Roll Number as mentioned in the Admission Certificate, Test Booklet No. and Subject Code shall be written legibly and correctly in the space provided on the Answer Sheet with black ball pen.
- 2. Space provided for Series in the Answer Sheet is not applicable for Optional Subject. So the space shall be left blank.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- 4. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination Hall/Room 20 minutes after commencement of distribution of the paper. The Supervisor of the Examination Hall/Room will be the timekeeper and his/her decision in this regard is final.
- 5. No candidate shall leave the Examination Hall/Room without prior permission of the Supervisor/ Invigilator. No candidate shall be permitted to hand over his/her Answer Sheet and leave the Examination Hall/Room before expiry of the full time allotted for each paper.
- **6.** No Mobile Phone, Pager, etc., are allowed to be carried inside the Examination Hall/Room by the candidates. Any Mobile Phone, Pager, etc., found in possession of the candidate inside the Examination Hall/Room, even if on off mode, shall be liable for confiscation.
- 7. No candidate shall have in his/her possession inside the Examination Hall/Room any book, notebook or loose paper, except his/her Admission Certificate and other connected paper permitted by the Commission.
- 8. Complete silence must be observed in the Examination Hall/Room. No candidate shall copy from the paper of any other candidate, or permit his/her own paper to be copied, or give, or attempt to give, or obtain, or attempt to obtain irregular assistance of any kind.
- 9. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the Examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 10. Violation of any of the above Rules will render the candidate liable to expulsion from the Examination Hall/Room and disqualification from the Examination, and according to the nature and gravity of his/her offence, he/she may be debarred from future Examinations and Interviews conducted by the Commission for appointment to Government Service.
- 11. Smoking inside the Examination Hall/Room is strictly prohibited.
- 12. This Test Booklet contains one sheet (two pages) for Rough Work at the end.

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No. of Questions: 100]

CCE(P) -2015 AGRICULTURE

	owing four crops in a year in	J. THE OH COMMENT OF STORMANDE IS
Se	equence is termed as	WOOD SOUTH DIVIN WARD TON OU
	OF GENEA SEA DOY JETYD TOL	(A) 45 percent
(A	double cropping	
(1)	double cropping	(B) 35 percent
		(B) 35 percent
(E	3) multistoried cropping	
		(C) 40 percent
10	c) quadruple cropping	Test Booklet No. :
(C	of quadrupic cropping	
		(D) 48 percent
(I	tetra cropping	
	KOOKI KT	6. The hormone associated with 'acid
2. Sh	ade-loving plants are known as	
20. 011	auto 1011118 Princeto	growth theory' is
	COUNTIES	
(A	A) heliophytes	(A) GA
		(A) GA ₃
(F	B) hydrophytes	
1.	s, in around the	(B) cytokinin
	STOITUUS	
(0	C) xerophytes	The same of the sa
	mentioned in the Admission Conditions Test in	
(1	D) sciophytes	
(*	5) 60.0 p.1.3 100	(D) ethylene
	t Sheet is not applicable for Optional Solds.	19 M \$11 PC (ATL) PC PER TENE TO SHE WAS A VEHICLE OF LANCE OF
2 12 12 14 14		space shall be left blank
	separate department of agriculture	
W	vas created first at national level in	7. Translocation of carbohydrates
W		mostly takes place in the form of
	AV 1961 for stanker of most like nonemer	mostly takes place in the form of
		mostly takes place in the form of
(1	A) 1861 On the Octave Light rolling in the	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose
(1	A) 1861 On the Octave Light rolling in the	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose
(1	A) 1861 B) 1871	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose
(1)	A) 1861 B) 1871	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose
(1)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose
(A) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose
(A) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose
(A) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose
(A) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose
(A) (D) (D)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose
(/ (I (I 4. A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose
(I (I 4. A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose
(I (I 4. A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose
(I (I 4. A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is
(/ (I (I 4. A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is
(/ (I (I 4. A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid
(A (I) (I) 4. A c p	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid
(A (I) (I) 4. A c p	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10 B) 60:20:20	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid (B) protein
(A (I) (I) 4. A c p	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10 B) 60:20:20	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid (B) protein
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(A (I) (I) 4. A c F (A	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10 B) 60:20:20	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid (B) protein (C) starch
(A (I) (I) (I) (I) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10 B) 60:20:20 C) 50:30:20	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid (B) protein (C) starch
(A (I) (I) (I) (I) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10 B) 60:20:20 C) 50:30:20 D) 50:25:25	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid (B) protein (C) starch (D) malic acid
(A (I) (I) (I) (I) (I)	A) 1861 B) 1871 C) 1885 D) 1890 silt loam is considered ideal for crop growth when solid: liquid: air proportion by volume is at A) 70:20:10 B) 60:20:20 C) 50:30:20 D) 50:25:25	mostly takes place in the form of (A) glucose (B) sucrose (C) fructose (D) maltose 8. The end product of phytosynthesis is (A) pyruvic acid (B) protein (C) starch

9. The source of dwarfing gene in wheat is	13. The edible portion of pomegranate is
(A) Dee-Gee-Woo-Gen	(A) aril (A)
	(B) thalamus
(B) Norin-10	(C) mesocarp
(D) Hipsoli and Aud (C)	(D) endocarp
10. Seedless watermelon is a	14. Botanically pineapple fruit is
(A) diploid	(A) balusta
(B) triploid	(B) sorosis
(C) tetraploid	(C) berry
(D) hexaploid	(D) pome
11. Which of the following crops is known as white gold?	15. Leafless variety of pea is (A) Bonneville
(A) Opium	(ii) Boilleville
(B) Cotton	(B) 1-100
(C) Maize	(C) L-H6
(D) Soybean /	(D) Aparna
12. In India, which of the following fruits has the highest production?	16. The tuber crop which is rich in protein is
(A) Mango	(A) Colocasia
(B) Citrus noneulano (d)	(B) yam
(C) Grape (C)	(C) potato
(D) Banana standard (G)	(D) sweet potato

17.	Pungency of radish is due to		21. Neem products are found effective in reducing		
	(A)	solanin (A)	(A) fruit borer attack of cucumber		
	(B)	capsaicin (El)	(B) stem borer attack of rice		
	(C)	isothiocyanate	(C) fruit borer attack of brinjal		
	(D)	calcium acetate	(D) fruit borer attack of okra		
18.	Nozzl	e is a part of	22. Wilting syndrome, known as 'kresek',		
	(A)	rotary duster	occurs in		
	(B)	cynogas pump	(A) bacterial blight of rice		
	(C)	hand compressor sprayer	(B) bacterial wilt of cotton		
	(D)	ULV applicator	(C) brown spot of rice		
19.	Whic	h of the following is a genetic	(D) rice blast		
		thenocarpic fruit?	23. Citrus tristeza virus is transmitted by		
	(A)	Guava officeanosi (A)	(A) beetles		
	(B)	Apple sai-T (8)	(B) thrips (B)		
	. (C)	Sapote OH-J (O)	(C) aphids		
	(D)	Grape amagA (C)	(D) nematodes (a)		
20.		plants normally give more	24. Genetic transfer between bacterial		
	biological yield than C ₃ plants because of		cells mediated by bacteriophage is		
	(A)	less respiration	(A) transformation (A)		
	(B)	more photosynthesis	(B) conjugation (B)		
	(C)	more photophosphorylation	(C) transduction		
	(D)	less photophosphorylation	(D) temperate phage (C)		